

Hydrogen storage with graphene functionalized by Titanium

<u>T. Mashoff¹</u>, M. Takamura², S. Tanabe², H. Hibino², D. Convertino¹, V. Miseikis¹, C. Coletti¹, V. Piazza¹, F. Beltram^{1,3}, and S. Heun³

¹ Center for Nanotechnology Innovations @NEST, Istituto Italiano di Tecnologia, Pisa, Italy
² NTT Basic Research Laboratories, NTT Corporation, 3-1, Morinosato Wakamiya, Atsugi, Japan
³ NEST, Istituto Nanoscienze – CNR and Scuola Normale Superiore, Pisa, Italy



National Enterprise for nanoScience and nanoTechnology

13.05.2014

Outline

- Introduction
- Experimental setup
- Titanium on graphene
- Increasing the active surface area by sputtering
- Summary and Outlook

Graphene for hydrogen storage

- Graphene is lightweight, inexpensive, robust, chemically stable
- Large surface area (~ 2600 m²/g)
- Hydrogen storage possible by chemisorption and physisorption





National Enterprise for nanoScience and nanoTechnology

S. Goler et al.: J. Phys. Chem. C 117, 11506 (2013).

Functionalized Graphene

- Graphene can be modified with various chemical species, such as calcium or transisiton metals (Titanium)
- Functionalized graphene has been predicted to adsorb up to 9 wt% of hydrogen



Lee et al., Nano Lett. 10 (2010) 793

Durgen et al., PRB 77 (2007) 085405

UHV System



Base pressure: <10⁻¹⁰mbar

Manipulator with Heating stage

Experimental Setup (STM)



Experimental Setup (TDS)



Titanium growth



T. Mashoff et al.: Appl. Phys. Lett. 103, 013903 (2013)

Desorption spectra of D₂ for different Ti-coverages



T. Mashoff et al.: Appl. Phys. Lett. 103, 013903 (2013)

Forming of Islands



N₂ - sputtering of the graphene surface

Defects in the graphene film should reduce the mobility of Tiatoms and lead to more and smaller islands.

Clean graphene surface



Sputtered 150s @100eV

10x10 nm², 1V, 0.8nA

Average number of induced defects per 100nm²



Average size of Defects



Average number of induced defects per 100nm²



Average Number of Islands per 100 nm²



Sputtered 150 s and Deposition of 0.5 ML Titanium

Average diameter of individual Ti-Islands



"Active" 3D-surface per 100nm²



Conclusion and Outlook

First experimental demonstration of Ti-functionalized graphene for hydrogen storage

Demonstration of hydrogen adsorption on functionalized graphene





Modifying the size and distribution of Islands by sputtering and increasing the active surface

Outlook: TDS verification of increase in hydrogen uptake

Thank you for your attention!

Funding:







Manager achte Allan Coren

